





Appendix D: Profitability and cost calculation

Technical procurement of heat recycling systems in existing apartment blocks

1 Profitability calculation –Current value model

For the technical procurement a model is used where the current value of savings and costs during a calculation period is recalculated to a new current value taking account of interest calculated and increased energy prices. The model is based on energy savings, increased energy costs, investment costs, maintenance costs and reinvestment. The requirement is to show that the cost savings through maximising energy efficiency are greater than the total costs of the heat recycling plant during a calculation period (i.e. that investment has paid for itself during the period). Calculations are made for periods of 12 and 8 years.

During the 12-year period, the following requirements must be fulfilled:

Current value (Savings - Investment) > 0

During the 8-year period the following requirements should be fulfilled:

Where:

The current value of cost savings through maximising energy efficiency for heating and domestic hot water:

 $Curr_{sav htg} = \sum (p_o^* energy price^* annual energy saving)$

 p_o = the curr sum factor for the difference between the real interest calculated and the real energy price increase for the calculation period:

The current value of cost of energy for the heat recycling plant

Curr_{Energy hw} = $\sum (p_o^* \text{ energy price}^* \text{ annual energy consumption})$

The current value of maintenance costs:

 $Curr_{maint.} = \sum (p_o * annual maintenance costs)$

Investment = Investment cost + Installation cost + Curr_{reinv}.

The current value of reinvestment for replacing components during the calculation period:

Reinvestment = $Cost_{component} * f_{curr}$

 f_{curr} = current value factor for interest calculated and consumption time.







2 Cost calculation – Current value model

The current value of all costs for the heat recycling plant during the 20-year period must be stated (i.e. the life cycle cost (LCC) of the heat recycling plant)

Current value_{hw} = Investment + Installation + Curr_{reinv}. +Curr_{Energy_htg} + Curr_{Energy_hw} +Curr_{maint}.

Where the current value of costs for heating and domestic hot water:

 $Curr_{Energy_hw} = \sum (p_o^* \text{ energy price } * \text{ annual energy consumption})$

3 Input data for calculations

The following input data must be used for calculations: Real interest calculated 4 % (according to SABO rebuilding) Electric energy price inc. network levy and taxes 1.00 SEK/kWh Heating energy price inc. VAT 0.60 SEK/kWh Real price development electric energy 4 %/year Real price development heating energy 2 %/year

Current sum factors for 12-year calculation period:

 p_o (heating energy) = 10.58 p_o (electric energy) = 12.00 p_o (maintenance) = 9.39

Current sum factors for 8-year calculation period:

 p_o (heating energy) = 7.33 p_o (electric energy) = 8.00 p_o (maintenance) = 6.73

Current sum factors for 20-year calculation period:

 p_o (heating energy) = 16.35 p_o (electric energy) = 20.00 p_o (maintenance) = 13.59







4 Statement of calculation

Profitability calculations for **12 years** are set out below:

Savings/Investment	SEK
Total investment cost (tooling, ventilation ducts,	
units, accumulator tank, devices, fans, control and	
regulator, etc.).	
Installation costs including any extra costs for building	
measures and linking in to the control and monitoring	
system.	
The current value of reinvestment. I.e. costs for	
replacing components. To be entered together with	
components' useful working life.	
Current value of future annual maintenance costs	
(servicing, cleaning and regular replacement of filters,	
etc.) for 12 years.	
Current value cost savings through energy	
effectivisation for heating and domestic hot water for	
12 years.	
Current value of cost of energy for the heat recycling	
plant for 12 years.	
Current value (Savings – Investment)	

Profitability calculations for **8 years** are set out below:

Savings/Investment	SEK
Total investment cost (tooling, ventilation ducts,	
units, accumulator tank, devices, fans, control and	
regulator, etc.).	
Installation costs including any extra costs for building	
measures and linking in to the control and monitoring	
system.	
The current value of reinvestment. I.e. costs for	
replacing components. To be entered together with	
components' useful working life.	
Current value of future annual maintenance costs	
(servicing, cleaning and regular replacement of filters,	
etc.) for 8 years.	
Current value cost savings through energy	
effectivisation for heating and domestic hot water for	
8 years.	
Current value of cost of energy for the heat recycling	
plant for 8 years.	
Current value (Savings – Investment)	







Cost calculations for **20 years** are set out below:

Savings/Investment	SEK
Total investment cost (tooling, ventilation ducts,	
units, accumulator tank, devices, fans, control and	
regulator, etc.).	
Installation costs including any extra costs for building	
measures and linking in to the control and monitoring	
system.	
The current value of reinvestment. I.e. costs for	
replacing components. To be entered together with	
components' useful working life.	
Current value of future annual maintenance costs	
(servicing, cleaning and regular replacement of filters,	
etc.) for 20 years.	
Current value cost savings through energy	
effectivisation for heating and domestic hot water for	
20 years (Quantity of domestic hot water	
consumption is the same for the bloc as before the	
installation of the heat recycling plant).	
Current value of cost of energy for the heat recycling	
plant for 20 years.	
Current Life Cycle Cost LCC	